NOAA Ocean and Coastal Mapping Contracting Policy

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) recognizes that qualified commercial sources can provide competent, professional, and cost-effective ocean and coastal mapping services, including hydrographic services, to NOAA in support of its diverse surveying, mapping, and charting missions. NOAA also recognizes that providing mapping services is a core mission requirement of NOAA under the 1947 Coast and Geodetic Survey Act, the Hydrographic Services Improvement Act of 1998 (as amended), and other laws and authorities. In the interest of public and environmental safety and the furtherance of scientific knowledge, the Federal Government's responsibility for executing its ocean and coastal mapping missions is manifest and non-delegable. However, it is incumbent upon NOAA, as recommended by the Hydrographic Services Review Panel, to maintain operational ocean and coastal mapping core capabilities and supplement its operational capacity by contracting for mapping services where appropriate and to the extent of available funding.

To ensure an open and consistent approach, this policy statement documents the framework and conditions under which contracting will be employed. To support this policy, NOAA will maintain a dialogue with private sector organizations and constituent groups. As defined in the Hydrographic Services Improvement Act, the term "hydrographic services" includes: geodesy, hydrography, photogrammetry, topography, remote sensing, geophysical (gravity, seismological, geomagnetic) measurements, tide and current observations, and data processing. The term "ocean and coastal mapping" includes hydrographic services and other activities such as coral, benthic habitat, and land cover mapping. It is NOAA's intent to advance contracting and adhere to the principles of this policy to meet its diverse mapping requirements.

In general, it is the intent of NOAA to contract for ocean and coastal mapping services when qualified commercial sources exist, when such contracts are determined to be the most cost effective method of conducting these functions, and to the extent funding is available. NOAA will procure ocean and coastal mapping services from qualified sources in accordance with its legal authorities, the Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), and the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 541 et seq.). Where required by law or where otherwise deemed appropriate, NOAA will procure the acquisition of hydrographic data in accordance with Title IX of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act.¹

NOAA may determine that a particular surveying or mapping activity is inherently governmental or otherwise not subject to contracting. NOAA surveying and mapping activities not subject to contracting may include, but are not limited to, services necessary to: (1) monitor the quality of NOAA products; (2) promulgate and promote

¹ Commonly known as the "Brooks Act" or A&E (Architectural or Engineering) contracting services, Title IX contracts are negotiated and awarded on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications (qualification-based selections or QBS) as opposed to price.
national and international technical standards and specifications; (3) conduct basic
research and development and ensure the rapid transfer of derived technologies to the
private sector; (4) maintain the integrity and accuracy of Federal geodetic and
navigational databases; (5) support coastal stewardship ecosystem applications; and
(6) support Maritime Domain Awareness and Homeland Security preparation and
response activities; as well as (7) services that can only be carried out aboard a NOAA
ship or aircraft because the survey platform possesses unique operational capabilities
not available in the private sector. To carry out the aforementioned activities and to
adequately monitor contracted services, NOAA will maintain core operational surveying
and mapping capabilities.

To facilitate the leveraging of government mapping resources, NOAA will continue to
make its geospatial and hydrographic services contracts available to State and local
government entities that have a need for the services provided by these contracts and
can provide adequate funding.

NOAA may task qualified commercial sources with ocean and coastal mapping services
in any part of the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone, territorial sea, Great Lakes, inland
waters, and coastal watersheds for any mission-related purpose. The government's
interests in and responsibilities for mapping vary broadly and experience has shown
that maintaining flexibility is key to responding to the nation's changing needs for
geospatial data.

**Ancillary Statements and Actions**

As recommended by the Hydrographic Services Review Panel, NOAA will continue to
utilize a mix of in-house and private-sector resources to accomplish its ocean and
coastal mapping missions. Costs and productivity will be monitored within each
category (i.e., public and private) to ensure best use of mapping resources. NOAA will
continue to seek the optimal resource allocation between in-house and private-sector
resources based on the strength of the governmental interest, the total requirement for
ocean and coastal mapping services, and the particular operational capabilities of either
government or private-sector resources that may make one more suitable for a given
situation.

NOAA will continue to examine ways to improve its contracting process, including
minimizing the turnover frequency of contracting personnel and reducing the length of
time required to award contracts and task orders. NOAA will continue to offer
debriefings to successful and unsuccessful contractors after final contractor selection
has been made in order to assist contractors with identifying significant weaknesses or
deficiencies in their submissions. NOAA will continue with its efforts to establish a
Ocean and Coastal Mapping Training Center which, as conceived, will support NOAA's
in-house hydrographic and acoustic surveying training requirements. In addition, the
Center would provide training to NOAA and private sector contractors in techniques,
standards, and technologies that support NOAA's many shoreline, coastal, and ocean
mapping activities. Such training would be beneficial to current or prospective NOAA contractors seeking to improve their capabilities and proposal submissions.